

JAPANESE WANT THEIR EMPEROR TO FORCE YUAN TO MAKE TERMS

Powerful Political Organizations of National Influence Urge Government To Take 'Final Step' To Enforce His Demands

DIGNITY OF EMPIRE NOW LIES AT STAKE

Negotiations in Peking Said To Have Reached Point Where Ultimatum Will Be Necessary To Bring Celestials To Terms

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
TOKIO, April 22.—Two powerful political associations, with a membership of national scope, adopted resolutions last night urging that the government take the "final step" against China.

While the meetings were in session, the premier, Count Okuma, was submitting to the Emperor the program of the cabinet, determined upon after a council of the Elder Statesmen, who are only called on in moments of the gravest import.

National Dignity At Stake
Further procrastination, the two political associations declared, could only impair the national dignity of Japan, and it was recommended that, in so serious a situation as had developed, drastic measures against China be taken. Further waiting, declared the resolutions, could serve no purpose and was repugnant to the people.

Ultimatum Is Expected
In view of the trend of the events in the past two days, it is generally believed here that Japan will deliver an ultimatum to China shortly. Minister Hiroki is assumed to have whittled the original twenty-one demands down to a point beyond which Japan is not willing to recede, and the best belief here is that his next orders will be to inform China that a categorical answer, yes or no, must be returned within a specified time.

DEMANDS ARE PUBLISHED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PEKING, April 22.—It is officially announced that a translation of the full text of the Japanese demands has already been published. It is said that in the United States there has been published an official translation of the Chinese text, Japan having presented a text in both languages. This announcement is made because of the Japanese protest that China has been informing certain foreign legations concerning the progress of the negotiations.

GERMAN VIEW OF JAPAN

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, April 22.—The Post, in an editorial today, under the heading "American Troubles," shows doubt as to the genuineness of the accident which was said to have caused the grounding of the Japanese cruiser Asama on the lower California coast. The editorial sets forward two possible explanations for the grounding if it were intentional. One was an effort to put pressure on Washington to relieve the situation at Peking. The other was to establish a Japanese naval base on Mexican soil. This touches an American spot, the Post comments. America must either give Japan a free hand in China, the editorial continues, or demand that Japan leave Mexico. "This would mean war," says the Post.

PRESIDENT SEES NEW CHINA

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, April 22.—In an address delivered yesterday to the Potomac presbytery of the Presbyterian church, President Wilson pictured his vision of a new China awakened to the message of Christ.
Such a revived nation, he said, could not but add an immense impetus to the moral forces of the world.
As soon as the essential unity of the nations was realized, new power for good would come to the entire world.

CHINA TRADE IS DISCUSSED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, April 22.—Zhang Tze Wei, one of the wealthiest men in China and president of a coal company, is now in progress between China and Japan, was a speaker here last night at a banquet of the American Manufacturers' Export Association.

GREAT OIL FIRE IN GOLDEN STATE

Four Immense Tanks Are in Flames, Which Threaten Adjoining Property

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BAKERSFIELD, California, April 22.—Four oil tanks, each of 1,500 barrels capacity, are afire on the leased lands of the Boston-Pacific Oil company, at Taft, Kern county. The blazing flames threaten adjoining property but thus far have kept from spreading to any of the wells or pumps.

An attempt will be made to smother the flames with sand. Recent experiments conducted by the Standard Oil company are shown that when a saporous liquid can be flowed on top of the burning oil it quenches the flames like magic.

Inasmuch as the Boston-Pacific company is not equipped with this apparatus, however, it will be difficult to bring into play the only effective known method of fighting tank fires.

ROOSEVELT TALKS MACHINE POLITICS

Gives Inside History of Bi-Partisan Rule in New York State

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SYRACUSE, April 22.—To an interested courtroom, Theodore Roosevelt told yesterday what he said was the inside history of machine politics and bi-partisan rule in New York state. The Governor was five hours at the stand.

"His machine," he explained, was so set up to the way the impression that conditions and laws had justified the expressions he had made on the stump last fall in fighting the Republican machine, led by William Barnes, Jr. of Albany.

Barnes is making \$20,000 damages for alleged libel. Roosevelt has not returned or qualified what he said except to deny machine politics in the slightest.

What he said and continued to maintain was that Barnes was a corrupt influence in the conduct of the state government.

TURKS HAMMERED FROM ALL SIDES

British Advance into Mesopotamia—Allies Land 20,000 Against Dardanelles

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, April 22.—During the advance of the past week into Mesopotamia by the Indian and Australian troops of the British empire, it is officially announced that 512 Turkish prisoners were taken.

Operations by land, it is learned, against the defenses of the Dardanelles will be on a much larger scale than previously had been expected.

The war effort remains silent, but from Berlin comes word that 20,000 soldiers of the Allies from Southern France and India have been landed on the northern shore of the Gulf of Saros, under the protection of a bombardment by the allied fleet. The effort of the Turkish fortresses to hold the landing parties off was unsuccessful.

YOUNG MEMORIAL TO BE BUILT AT LEAH HOME

Son To Carry Out Mother's Expressed Wish

A wish often expressed by the late Mrs. Alexander Young during her life time to establish a memorial to her husband at Leah Home is to be carried out by her son A. A. Young. Mrs. Young was taken ill before she could carry out her original plans and died before the work could be started. Celebration of the report that the memorial is to be established was given by Mr. Young yesterday.
The building, which will be in the form of a pavilion more than a closed building, will be modern in every way. It will be divided into private rooms as well as a general ward, all to be used for women patients. All that is modern and up to date in sanitarium architecture will be embodied in the new structure. The building will cost between ten thousand dollars and twelve thousand dollars.

GARRANZA HONORS MEXICAN SNIPERS KILLED IN ACTION

Anniversary of American Landing At Vera Cruz Occasion For Memorial Exercises

FIRST CHIEF HEADS BIG DEMONSTRATION

Lays Cornerstone of Monument To Martyrs Who Died To 'Sanctify' Soil

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
VERA CRUZ, April 22.—One year ago yesterday American marines from the warships in this harbor landed to begin the attack upon the city for the purpose of seizing it to force a salute to the American flag, for the arrest made a few days previously of an American naval officer.

Memorial to Mexican Dead
In raising the landing a number of Mexican were killed, and in honor of their resistance and in memorial of their deaths special exercises were conducted.

The troops of the local garrison paraded and the civil administrators of the city attended the memorial exercises, in which First Chief Carranza took a leading part, although the American nature of the city was from the former of President Huerta against whom Carranza was in rebellion at the time.

Carranza laid the cornerstone of a monument which is being erected in honor of those who died and in commemoration of the gallant defense of the city. In his address Carranza lauded the Mexicans who had helped to defend the sanctity of Mexican soil from an American soldier.

The American battleship Georgia is lying in the harbor, but no American sailors were ashore during the day, all having been stopped.

INSURANCE BILL MEETS APPROVAL OF LOCAL MEN

Makes It Compulsory For Foreign Companies To Deposit Funds Here

Local insurance men say they are strongly in favor of house bill No. 281, which recently passed the lower house and is under discussion in the senate. This is one of the measures which insurance Commissioner C. J. McCarthy desires passed at this time in order, he says, to properly safeguard the insuring public, its main provision being that of requiring a deposit in Hawaii of \$50,000 in cash, securities or bonds by those companies who have no deposits of that amount anywhere in the United States.

Practically every State now requires insurance companies to comply with a statute similar to H. R. No. 281, the majority of them demanding a larger deposit. Following are the amounts required by the several states:

Alabama, \$200,000;	Arizona, \$200,000;
Arkansas, \$200,000;	California, \$200,000;
Colorado, \$200,000;	Connecticut, \$200,000;
Delaware, \$200,000;	District of Columbia, \$100,000;
Florida, \$100,000;	Georgia, \$100,000;
Idaho, \$100,000;	Illinois, \$200,000;
Indiana, \$100,000;	Kansas, \$100,000;
Kentucky, \$200,000;	Louisiana, \$200,000;
Maine, \$200,000;	Massachusetts, \$200,000;
Michigan, \$200,000;	Minnesota, \$100,000;
Mississippi, \$100,000;	Missouri, \$100,000;
Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, \$200,000 each;	North Carolina, \$100,000;
Ohio, \$100,000;	Oklahoma, \$200,000;
Oregon, \$200,000;	Park, \$100,000;
Rhode Island, \$200,000;	South Carolina, \$100,000;
Tennessee, \$200,000;	Texas, \$100,000;
Utah, \$200,000;	Virginia, \$50,000;
Washington, \$200,000;	West Virginia, \$200,000;
Wisconsin, \$200,000;	

The insurance club of Hawaii has gone on record as being in favor of house bill No. 281.

THAW'S NEPHEW IS KILLED IN BATTLE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PARIS, April 22.—William Thaw, a nephew of Harry Kendall Thaw, has been killed by the Germans near Verdun. He had enlisted with the French aerial service, early in the war. "Billy" Thaw was a graduate of Belmont (Mass.) Preparatory School, and entered, but was not graduated from Yale University. After a somewhat meteoric career, which occasionally brought him into the newspapers of Pittsburgh and New York, he dropped out of public notice and took up aviation as a sport.

REBELS OF BREWERY ACCUSED OF FRAUD BY STOCKHOLDERS

Minority Interests Want President C. G. Bartlett To Refund \$22,390.22 To Company

THEY ALSO DEMAND HIS DISMISSAL FROM OFFICE

Suits Instituted To Force Accounting and Prevent Hypothecating of Property

OFFICERS WHO ARE DEFENDANTS

Some Minority Seeks To Recover

PRESIDENT and general manager of the Honolulu Brewing and Malting company, C. G. Bartlett, treasurer, W. C. Parker, directors, W. H. Parker, Frank E. Thompson, Robert W. Brockton, John J. Reiner and James Stanger.

1912	
August 31	\$1,694.00
September 2	2,406.66
September 12	1,200.50
September 18	1,690.00
1913	
June 2	517.50
June 14	528.60
August 2	2,291.67
1914	
February 10	6,560.00
April 30	1,237.50
May 4	169.88
June 15	1,682.85
August 1	740.58
December 9	961.22
Total	\$19,949.59
Total with interest	\$22,390.22

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

Charles G. Bartlett, president and general manager of the Honolulu Brewing and Malting company, did not say yesterday for Australia in the Niagara as he had planned. Instead, he accepted service of a temporary injunction issued by Judge T. H. Stuart of the first circuit court, restraining him from withdrawing from selling, mortgaging or hypothecating any of his property personal or real.

At the same time a suit in equity was filed against the other officers and directors of the brewing company, asking that the court compel them (1) to open their books for the inspection of the minority stockholders, (2) disburse the total of \$22,390.22, and (3) forthwith pay to the stockholders the \$19,949.59, amounting with interest to \$22,390.22, which it is alleged that he has wrongfully converted to his own use and benefit from the funds of the company.

Minority Interests Sue
The action was brought in the name of H. Gooding Field, owner of one share, and F. H. Greenwell, owner of 1450 shares, but though they are the only two who appear, it is understood that they represent other dissatisfied shareholders.

In the formal language of the complaint, it is alleged that "the said respondent, C. G. Bartlett, at divers times hereinafter more particularly set forth, with intent to defraud and for knowledge of the said defraud, wrongfully, fraudulently, wilfully and unlawfully converted to his own use and benefit certain moneys of the money and property of the said brewery."

Suit was not brought, the complaint continues, until the minority interest had become convinced that any personal appeal to the directors and officers would be futile because the "said C. G. Bartlett and the said directors own and control the voting power of a majority of the capital stock."

The directors met yesterday afternoon at three o'clock, voted to open the books to inspection, and to demand a full statement from President Bartlett. Pending fuller knowledge of what the books may disclose and what President Bartlett may have to say for himself, they reserved action.

In behalf of Mr. Bartlett, Judge A. S. Humphreys, retained for the defense, protested that the charges were without foundation.

"I have had no opportunity," he said, "for the fullest consultation with my client, but I know enough already to feel confident that these accusations are utterly baseless, and we shall so prove them."

As told by E. C. Peters, attorney for the minority interest, the antecedent history of the suit is this:
For nearly a year past certain of the stockholders have been dissatisfied with the management of their affairs. When William M. Graham, expert accountant, handed in his audit of the books, shortly after the first of the year, this unrest became acute. The audit showed a financial condition described as alarming.

Directors Take No Action
Nevertheless the directors took no action. President Bartlett, the minority interest became convinced had the board in his pocket. No protest that they seemed able to present brought any results. Their first request for action was not heeded because the franchise of the brewery was up before the legislature for renewal, but after a renewal had been granted, they were put off on one excuse or another until they lost patience.

So it was quietly arranged that H. Gooding Field, an expert accountant, should acquire one share of stock and enter upon an investigation. He set to work indirectly, at the Hilo branch office.

"Items were found there," said Mr.

PRESIDENT SENDS SHARP NOTE TO GERMAN ENVOY

Tells Count von Bernstorff His Language Regarding American Neutrality Is Offensive

COULD BE CONSTRUED AS IMPUGNING GOOD FAITH

Germany Has Equal Privilege With Other Nations of Buying War Supplies

WASHINGTON, April 22.—A reply to the memorandum recently addressed by Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, to the state department, in which he stated in effect that if the United States wanted to preserve strict neutrality it would lift the blockade on all food stuffs consigned to Germany and her allies, would prevent the sale and shipment of munitions of war to Germany's enemies was delivered yesterday.

The note was pointed by President Wilson, although signed by Secretary Bryan, and is as sharp in its language as a diplomatic rejoinder could be. The President states that Count von Bernstorff's language was susceptible of being construed as impugning the good faith of the American government in the performance of its duty as a neutral. If the ambassador believes that the United States is not fulfilling its full duty, and acting hypocritically in every way in its enforcement of the rules of neutrality, in all respects, he is laboring under false impressions, the note said.

Count von Bernstorff's attitude toward the exportation of arms was stated, President Wilson said, that Germany had an equal privilege with all others of buying war supplies in the United States, while the fact that the Allies alone are able to secure delivery of their purchases does not justify the United States under any rule or claim of international law in prohibiting their export.

Peters, "amounting to some \$2000 which seemed irregular. We demanded access to the books here and were refused. From other sources, however, we learned of further transactions bringing the total of questionable entries up to \$19,949.00, or with interest, approximately \$22,000."

"Armed with this information, which is such as to make us absolutely certain of our case, we served written notice on Secretary Parke, dated April 16, that if President Bartlett was not removed before or on the twentieth, the shareholders would make up and the books were open to us, we should take legal action the following day."

Suit In Self Defense
"No reply was made. We knew President Bartlett intended leaving this afternoon for Australia; we had reason to believe that he intended to hypothecate and remove from the Territory a large share of his property. In self defense we brought suit."

"You tell me the directors say that no complaint was brought to their notice until April 19 and that they took action as promptly as was feasible."

"Let me say first, that they did not call their meeting until after President Bartlett was supposed to have sailed, though when service was made on him this morning, it is true, he had already cancelled his passage. And second, I can tell you that the demands we served on Parke, the treasurer, in writing, were handed to him by registered special delivery on the same day they were made, the sixteenth, and that we have his receipt for the better."

"If the officers of the company are not in the habit of opening their special delivery mail until three days after receipt, or if the directors are not notified of its contents in a case such as this until three days later, why then I should say the stockholders were out of luck."

Directors Are Silent
None of the directors would be quoted for publication, nor did they care to make any collective formal statement, but they were willing to talk freely enough informally. The substance of their attitude was this:

"Yes, an unfavorable audit of the company's books was submitted to us the first of the year. We appointed a committee to investigate the charges and the sub-committee reported back that there was no basis for them."

"The demands served on Treasurer Parke were not brought to us until the nineteenth. We called a meeting on them, as soon thereafter as was practicable. At that meeting, held this afternoon, President Bartlett was requested to withdraw until we had taken action. Our decision was to throw open the books for a complete investigation and to demand a statement from him in explanation. Until the facts are in, we have nothing to go on."

"As to the alleged suit in equity brought against us, we have only barely known of its existence."

WOMEN AS CAR CONDUCTORS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
GLASGOW, April 22.—Twenty women who have been acting as street car conductors here proved a success at the work, and a force of 400 women will be taken on to fill the places of men who have enlisted.

GERMAN CRUISER BEING SURVEYED

Board Completes Preliminary Work On Kronprinz Wilhelm and Soon Will Report

WASHINGTON, April 22.—A reply to the memorandum recently addressed by Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, to the state department, in which he stated in effect that if the United States wanted to preserve strict neutrality it would lift the blockade on all food stuffs consigned to Germany and her allies, would prevent the sale and shipment of munitions of war to Germany's enemies was delivered yesterday.

The ship's bottom has been cleaned and painted, and she will be removed from drydock Friday. Then remains to be made a thorough looking over of the engines. When that has been done, the board will inform the navy department how long, in its opinion, it should take to make the repairs necessary to put the vessel into condition to steam to the nearest home port.

The department will then notify the German commander that within a given time limit, which will be held secret, he must either leave American waters or, in the event of the duration of the war, this was the procedure followed in the case of the gunboat Geier at Honolulu, and the Kronprinz Wilhelm's sister ship, Prinz Eitel Friedrich, which interned here.

TWELVE ARE KILLED WHEN WALL TUMBLES

WASHINGTON, England, April 22.—Twelve persons were killed here yesterday and twenty more or less seriously injured by the collapse of a five-story wall that came crashing down into two crowded shops adjacent. Confusion made the work of rescue slow and painful. The wall had been left standing after a fire had gutted the building of which it remained but a portion of the shell. Criticism of the fire department for not forcing the wall to fall today in the morning.

JEWISH CITIZENS INCITE INQUIRY

Washington Starts Investigation of Treatment of Polish Jews By Russia

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, April 22.—At the instance of prominent Jewish citizens, the state department has telegraphed the American consul at Warsaw to investigate reports that Russia is persecuting Polish Jews.

That these reports have a basis of fact is indicated by the tone of French apologies for Russia, who lately have published in this country statements admitting that the conduct of the Russian bureaucracy was disappointing the nation's best friends, but ascribing the reprehensible measures to the influence of the ruling caste of the Baltic provinces, where almost all the titled and landed gentry are of German descent.

Although the output of the British armories and factories had been increased nineteen fold since the outbreak of hostilities it must be accelerated more yet.

Liquor legislation to prevent any impairment of the workmen's efficiency was promised.

SOCIALISTS WANT PEACE
THE HAGUE, April 22.—Socialists here in communication with leaders of the German Socialist party assert that German Socialists are trying to find some basis for a cessation of the war. A movement is on foot to sound the opinion of Socialists in other nations. German desire, so far as it has made itself known here, is for peace without the annexation of territory by either side.

HOUSE MEMBERS WILL VISIT HAWAII'S QUEEN
Speaker Holstein and the other members of the house of representatives, officials and attaches and press representatives will pay their respects to Queen Liliuokalani at Washington Place, Beretania street, at half-past eleven o'clock next Monday. The spouses of the upper house paid their respects to the Queen some weeks ago.

FOR A LAME BACK
When you have pains or lameness in the back, bathe the parts with Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice a day, massaging with the palm of the hand for five minutes at each application. Then dampen a piece of flannel slightly with this liniment and bind it on over the sore spot. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

DAUGHTERS OF REVOLUTION
WASHINGTON, April 22.—At the biennial election yesterday of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Mrs. William Cunningham Story of New York was re-elected president.

LANE TO MAKE AUTO TOUR OF YELLOWSTONE
WASHINGTON, April 22.—Secretary Lane, it is announced, shortly will take advantage of one of his own executive orders by motoring to Yellowstone. Park. Until Lane became secretary of the interior, automobiles were not allowed to enter the park.